



The Onion Router: Understanding a Privacy Enhancing Technology Community

Masooda Bashir, Assistant professor, School of Information Sciences, UIUC
Hsiao-Ying Huang, PhD student, Illinois Informatics Institute, UIUC



I L L I N O I S

School of
Information Sciences
The iSchool at Illinois

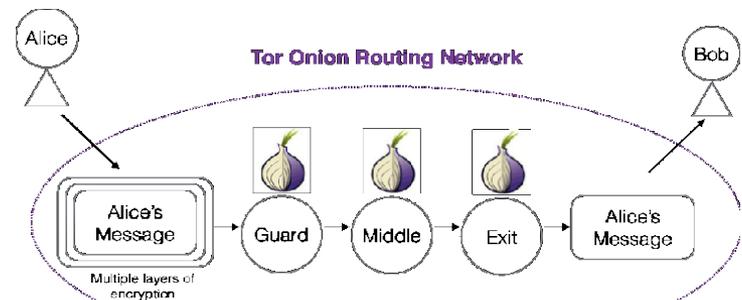


Background: Online Surveillance, Data Breached and Information Privacy

- Internet technologies have provided us a convenient way to communicate, connect, and share.
- However, the ubiquitous and constant online data processing has made mass surveillance much easier to achieve and personal privacy more difficult to sustain.
- Through online surveillance, some corporations can manipulate the ads and the prices; governments can censor, discriminate, and even stifle free speech worldwide (Schneier, 2015).
- Constant data breached by cybercriminals
→ Development of Privacy-enhancing Technologies (PETS)

Privacy-enhancing Technologies: The Onion Router

- The ToR, the most used Privacy-enhancing Technologies (PETS), is a free, open network that provides routing services to around 2.5 million daily users (BBC, 2015).
- Users can browse and exchange online information anonymously by deploying transactions through different “relay nodes”.
- ToR’s goal is to protect users from online surveillance that threatens personal freedom and privacy (Dingledine, Mathewson, & Syverson, 2004).



ToR: A Privacy-enhancing Technologies (PETs) Community



ToR Supported by Volunteers

- ToR depends on a group of global volunteers contributing their resources and time to sustain the quality and availability of the service.
- These volunteers are known as 'ToR-relay operators.'
- These operators are involved with different social activism groups (Macrina, 2015).
- Anyone who has technical skills and is willing to contribute to the infrastructure can join the Tor network.

Why ToR is Different?

- Anyone can use ToR, even criminals.
- ToR-relay operators might be investigated or arrested by law enforcement even though they do not know what the contents of their delivery.
- Operators not only need to contribute their own resources but also are willing to take social and, potentially, legal risks, which makes this PET community different from other open-source initiatives.

Adapted Perspectives and Research Questions

- **Theory of motivation**
 - RQ1: What are the motivations of ToR-relay operators to voluntarily participate in the Tor-relay network?
- **Cyberactivism**
 - RQ2: How do Tor-relay operators perceive the attitudes of their social and legal systems towards ToR?
- **Current state of the Tor-relay network**
 - RQ3: What kind of challenges do ToR-relay operators encounter and what compensation do they expect for volunteer participation?

Method



- An online survey was disseminated via the Tor-relay mailing list from April to June in 2015.
- 50 effective samples
- Questionnaire includes several sections. In this paper, we focus on three aspects:
 - 1) individual motivation;
 - 2) perceptions about legal and social systems;
 - 3) individual constraints and expectations for participation

Findings

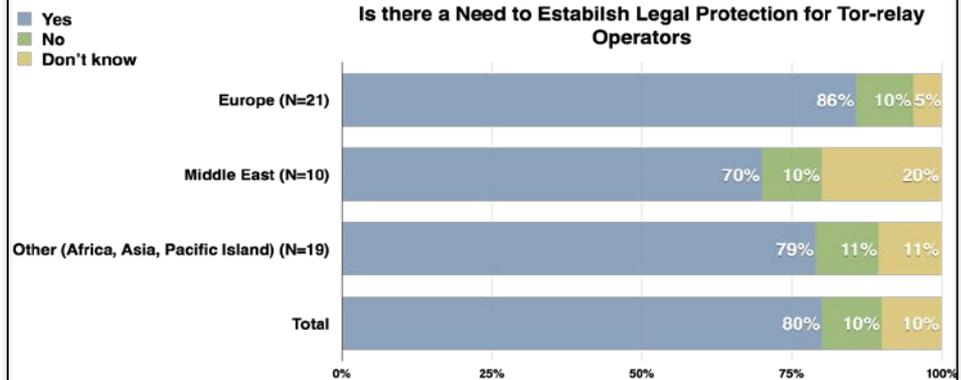


Operatros are motivated by advocating privacy values or resolving privacy problems

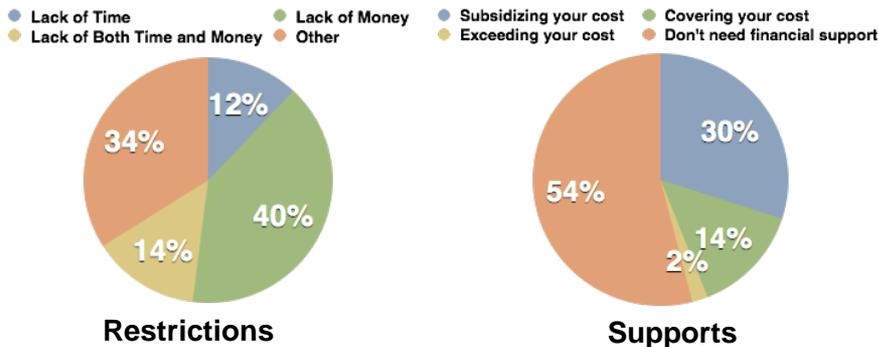
Orientation/ Motivation	Extrinsic	Intrinsic
Self-oriented	Gaining personal rewards	Enjoying solving privacy problems
Project-oriented	Enhancing network	Supporting value of information privacy

Table 4. Motivational Factors to Participate in Tor-relay Network

80% of ToR Operators seek for legal protection.



A contradiction between financial restrictions and financial support.



- No participants identified the United States as their location
- Operators were concerned about monetary rewards and whether it would compromise network privacy and security.
- Keeping TOR a non-profit to sustain its quality of privacy and security is a priority.

Limitations

- **Sample size is relatively small**
- **Social desirability bias when asking certain questions (e.g., their motivation to gain financial support)**
- **Large geographic regions may overlook the diversity of social and legal systems within these regions.**

Conclusion



- **The stigma of ToR still hinders the development and adaption of PETs.**
- **Rethink the future of PETs and their influence on society.**
- **More in-depth investigations from the information community's perspective on this important issue!**



Thank you. Questions?

Masooda Bashir: mnb@illinois.edu

Hsiao-Ying Huang: hhuang65@illinois.edu



School of
Information Sciences
The iSchool at Illinois